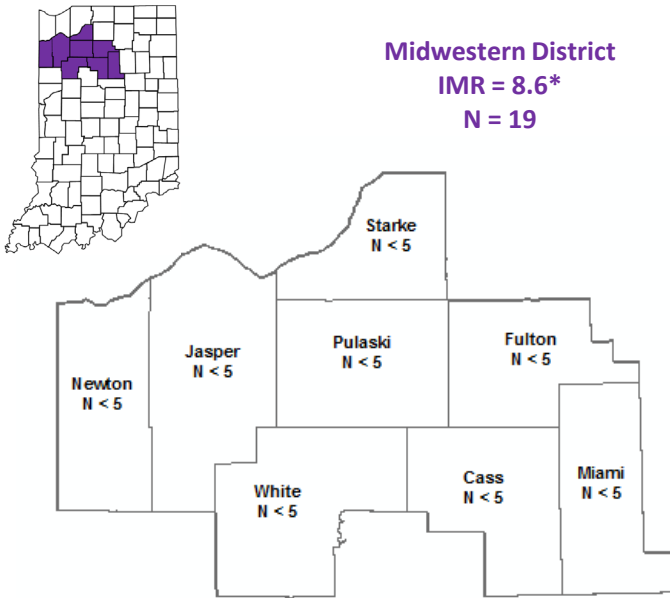


INFANT MORTALITY

Midwestern Hospital Region 2018

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Infant Mortality Dashboard (<https://www.in.gov/isdh/27470.htm>)

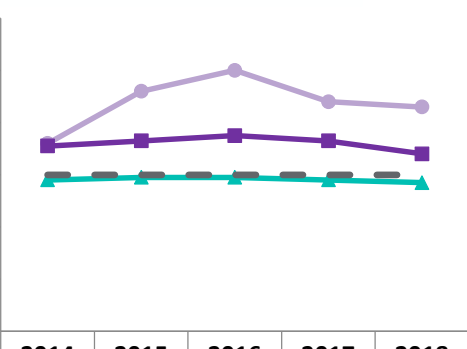


INFANT MORTALITY FACTS

- Infant mortality is defined as the death of a baby before his or her first birthday.
- The infant mortality rate (IMR) is the number of babies who die in the first year of life, per 1,000 live births.
- Of the 559 Indiana infant deaths in 2018, 19 occurred in the Midwestern Hospital Region.
- Non-Hispanic black infants are 2.2 times more likely to die than Non-Hispanic white infants in Indiana.

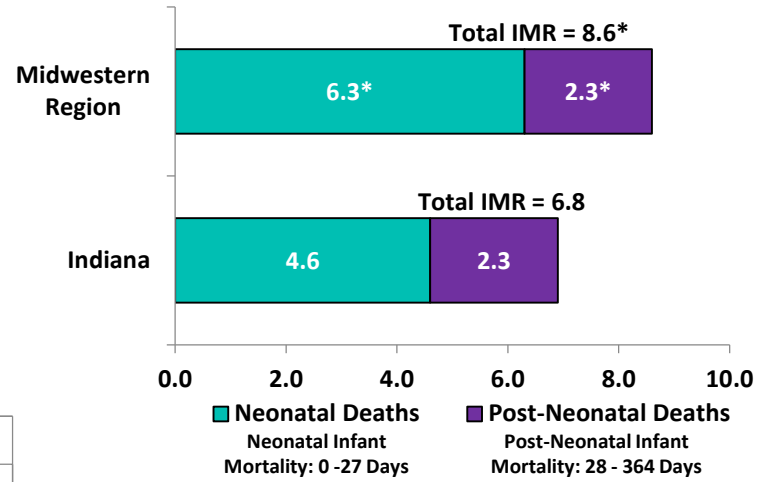
Infant Mortality Rates 2014 - 2018

Rate per 1,000 live births



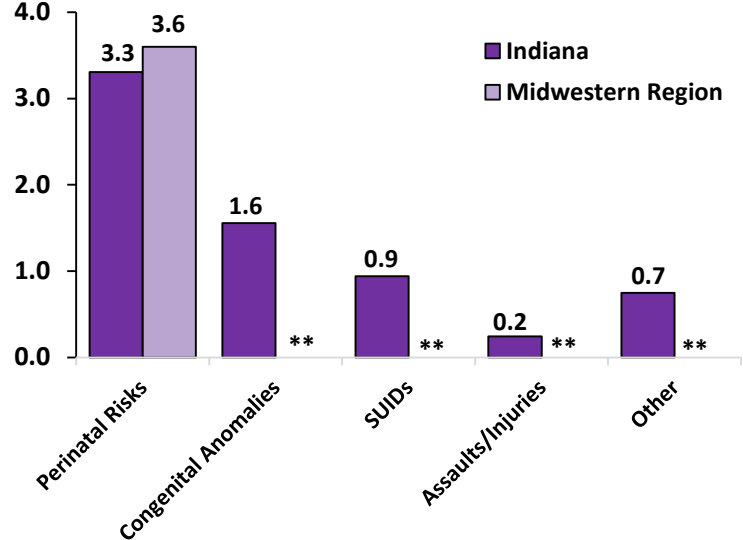
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Midwestern Region	7.2*	9.2	10.0	8.8	8.6*
Indiana	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.3	6.8
U.S.	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7
HP 2020 Goal	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0

Infant Mortality Rates by Age at Death



Note: Age-specific and cause-specific mortality rates may not sum to the overall infant mortality rate due to rounding.

Infant Mortality Rates by Cause of Death



* Numerator less than 20, rate unstable.
** Rate suppressed due to low counts.

PRACTICES TO REDUCE INFANT MORTALITY

- Improve overall health for women of child-bearing age.
- Promote early & adequate prenatal care.
- Decrease early elective deliveries before 39 weeks.
- Decrease prenatal smoking & substance use.
- Increase breastfeeding duration & exclusivity.
- Support birth spacing & interconception wellness.
- Promote the ABC's of safe sleep: place baby to sleep alone, on his or her back, in a crib.

BIRTH OUTCOME INDICATORS

Midwestern Hospital Region 2018

For more information on birth outcomes in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Stats Explorer, Natality Data (https://gis.in.gov/apps/isdh/meta/stats_layers.htm)

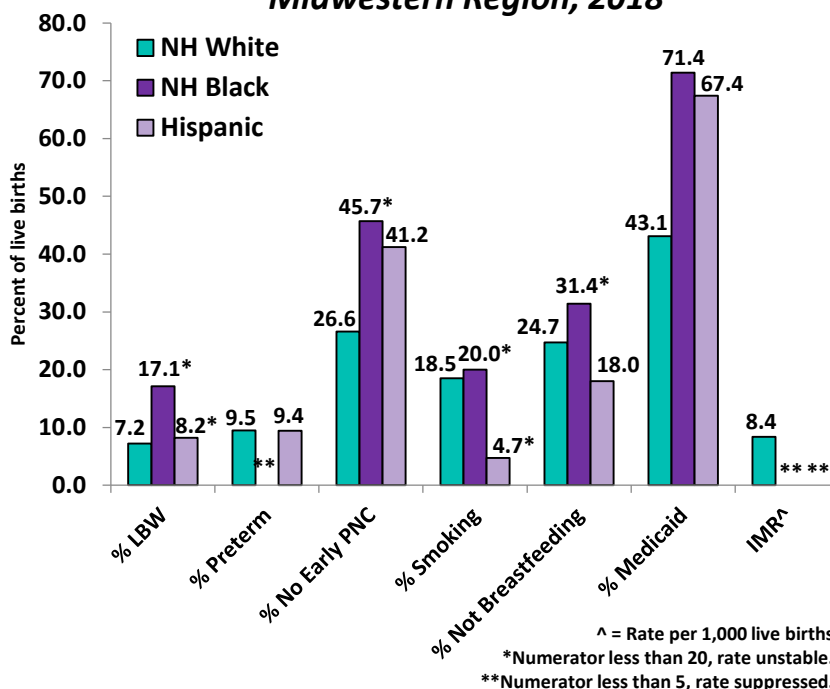
INDIANA QUICK FACTS

- Smoking rates among pregnant women continue to be much higher than the national rate.
- Almost 1/3 of pregnant women do not receive early PNC.
- NH black babies in Indiana are more likely to be LBW or preterm.
- Hispanic and NH black women in Indiana are more likely to not receive early (1st trimester) PNC.
- NH white women in Indiana are more likely to smoke during pregnancy.

MIDWESTERN REGION QUICK FACTS

- There were 2,219 births in the Midwestern Region in 2018.
- Lower percentage of LBW births and preterm births compared to Indiana.
- Higher percentage of women receiving early PNC.
- Higher percentage of women smoking during pregnancy.
- Lower percentage of breastfeeding at hospital discharge.

Outcomes by Race and Ethnicity, Midwestern Region, 2018



LBW = Low Birthweight PNC = Prenatal Care IMR = Infant Mortality Rate NH = Non-Hispanic

	% LBW (< 2,500 G)	% PRETERM (< 37 WKS GESTATION)	% NO EARLY PNC (1 ST TRIMESTER)	% SMOKING	% NOT BREASTFEEDING	% MOTHER ON MEDICAID
CASS	8.0	8.2	29.9	16.6	25.8 ^S	54.7 ^S
FULTON	6.9*	8.2	34.3	18.4	29.4 ^S	42.9
JASPER	9.1	9.7	29.5	12.2	18.5	35.2
MIAMI	7.9	10.6	26.4	20.4 ^S	30.0 ^S	43.1
NEWTON	7.5*	9.3*	34.2	15.5	23.6	44.1
PULASKI	6.2*	10.1*	17.8	20.2	23.3	50.4
STARKE	6.9*	12.4	29.5	17.1	21.5	51.6 ^S
WHITE	5.5*	7.2	26.5	16.0	28.0	46.2
MIDWESTERN REGION	7.4	8.4	28.9	16.9	21.1	45.9
INDIANA	8.1	10.2	31.9	11.5	18.1	39.2

* = Fewer than 20 birth outcomes, percentage unstable.
S = County significantly different from state.