

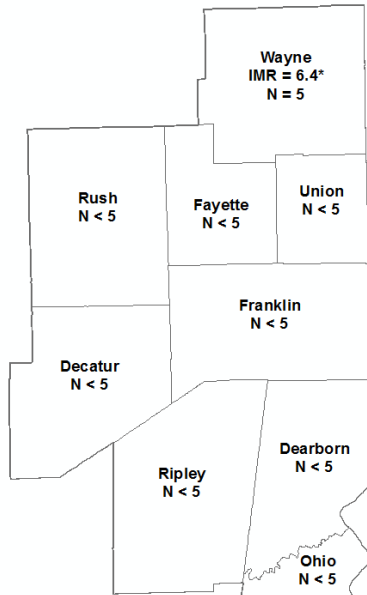
INFANT MORTALITY

Southeastern Hospital Region 2018

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Infant Mortality Dashboard (<https://www.in.gov/isdh/27470.htm>)



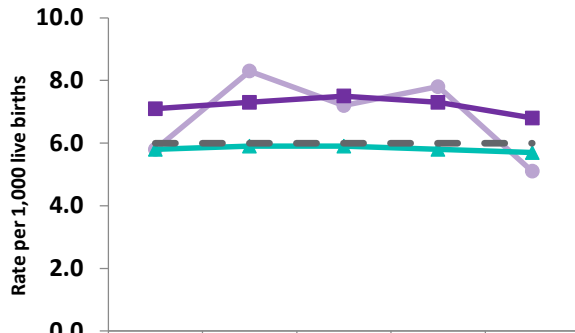
Southeastern District
IMR = 5.1*
N = 15



INFANT MORTALITY FACTS

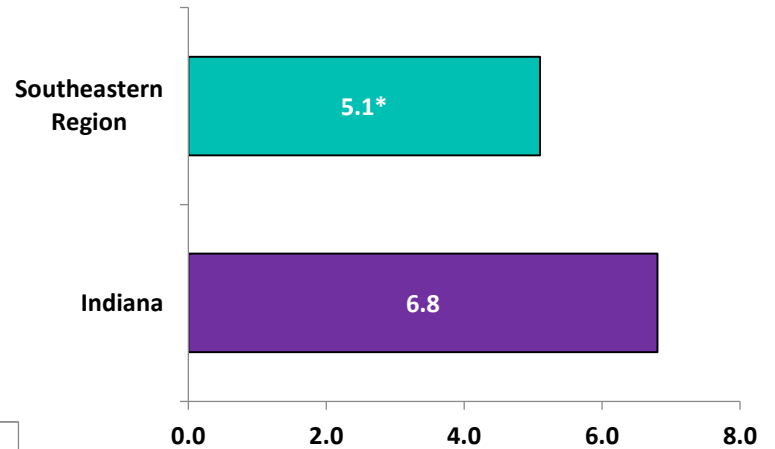
- Infant mortality is defined as the death of a baby before his or her first birthday.
- The infant mortality rate (IMR) is the number of babies who die in the first year of life, per 1,000 live births.
- Of the 559 Indiana infant deaths in 2018, 15 occurred in the Southeastern Hospital Region.
- Non-Hispanic black infants are 2.2 times more likely to die than Non-Hispanic white infants in Indiana.

Infant Mortality Rates 2014 - 2018



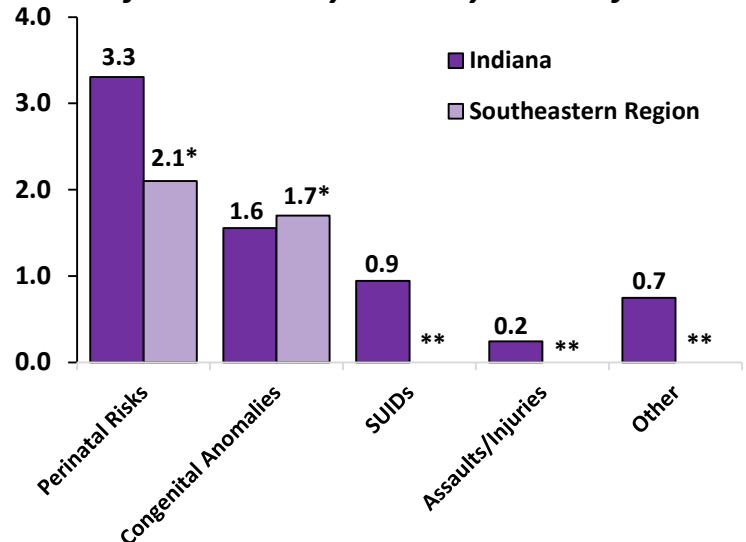
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
—●— Southeastern Region	5.8*	8.3	7.2	7.8	5.1*
—■— Indiana	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.3	6.8
—▲— U.S.	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7
—■— HP 2020 Goal	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0

Infant Mortality Rates



Note: Cause-specific mortality rates may not sum to the overall infant mortality rate due to rounding.

Infant Mortality Rates by Cause of Death



* Numerator less than 20, rate unstable.
** Rate suppressed due to low counts.

PRACTICES TO REDUCE INFANT MORTALITY

- Improve overall health for women of child-bearing age.
- Promote early & adequate prenatal care.
- Decrease early elective deliveries before 39 weeks.
- Decrease prenatal smoking & substance use.
- Increase breastfeeding duration & exclusivity.
- Support birth spacing & interconception wellness.
- Promote the ABC's of safe sleep: place baby to sleep alone, on his or her back, in a crib.

BIRTH OUTCOME INDICATORS

Southeastern Hospital Region 2018

For more information on birth outcomes in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Stats Explorer, Natality Data (https://gis.in.gov/apps/isdh/meta/stats_layers.htm)

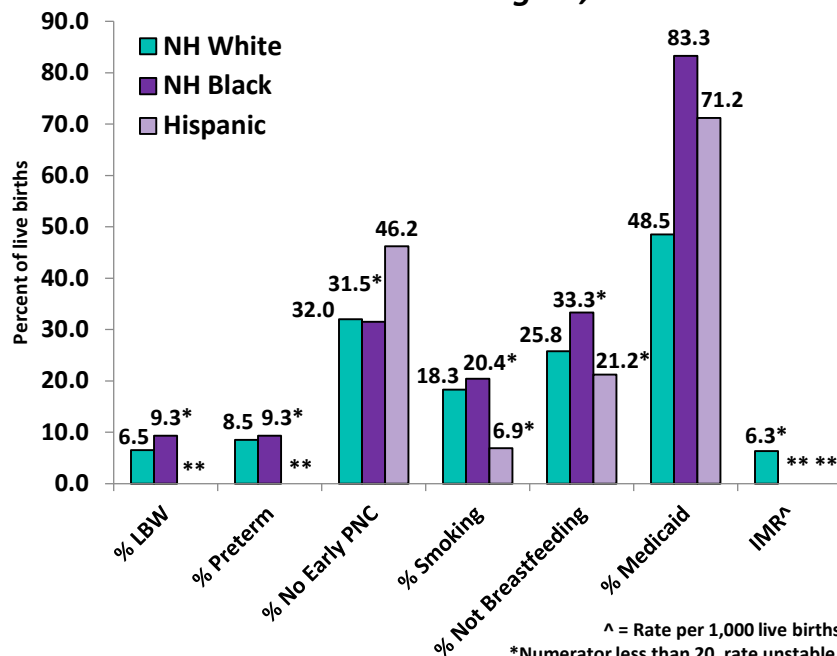
INDIANA QUICK FACTS

- Smoking rates among pregnant women continue to be much higher than the national rate.
- Almost 1/3 of pregnant women do not receive early PNC.
- NH black babies in Indiana are more likely to be LBW or preterm.
- Hispanic and NH black women in Indiana are more likely to not receive early (1st trimester) PNC.
- NH white women in Indiana are more likely to smoke during pregnancy.

SOUTHEASTERN REGION QUICK FACTS

- There were 2,913 births in the Southeastern Region in 2018.
- Lower percentage of LBW births and preterm births compared to Indiana.
- Higher percentage of women receiving early PNC.
- Higher percentage of women smoking during pregnancy.
- Lower percentage of breastfeeding at hospital discharge.

Outcomes by Race and Ethnicity, Southeastern Region, 2018



LBW = Low Birthweight PNC = Prenatal Care IMR = Infant Mortality Rate NH = Non-Hispanic

	% LBW ($< 2,500$ G)	% PRETERM (< 37 WKS GESTATION)	% NO EARLY PNC (1 ST TRIMESTER)	% SMOKING	% NOT BREASTFEEDING	% MOTHER ON MEDICAID
DEARBORN	4.8	7.4	22.5 ^S	18.0 ^S	24.5 ^S	34.2
DECATUR	6.0	9.0	27.3	17.7 ^S	22.8	36.0
FAYETTE	8.8	8.5	29.0	22.8 ^S	32.4 ^S	63.6 ^S
FRANKLIN	3.6*	5.4*	37.5	19.9 ^S	20.9	35.4
OHIO	**	**	22.8*	17.5*	17.5*	33.3*
RIPLEY	6.7	9.0	33.9	16.2	26.0 ^S	35.2
RUSH	5.1*	6.1*	24.5	19.4 ^S	25.5	46.9
UNION	**	**	23.2*	14.5*	17.4*	42.0
WAYNE	9.1	11.4	36.7	12.9	24.3 ^S	50.6 ^S
SOUTHEASTERN REGION	6.6	8.7	30.6	17.0	24.6	42.8
INDIANA	8.1	10.2	31.9	11.5	18.1	39.2

* = Fewer than 20 birth outcomes, percentage unstable.
** = Fewer than 5 birth outcomes, percentage suppressed.
S = County significantly different from state.